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Environment

At Mitsuuroko Group, we are developing a variety of businesses to realize a low-carbon society. By expanding our mainstay Energy Solutions Business and the Power & Electricity Business, which could become our next pillar, we will contribute to the realization of a low-carbon society. We believe that this is the role we can play as a corporate citizen. Mitsuuroko Group will continue to help each and every customer lead more fulfilling lifestyles while maintaining close stewardship of natural resources and the environment, for the sake of the children who will lead the next generation and the Earth.

Main target management indicators (KPIs)

The Company's CO₂ emissions reduction rate

FY2050 target
Carbon neutral*

Customers' CO₂ emissions reduction rate

FY2050 target
Carbon neutral*

* Carbon neutral: Virtually zero emissions, calculated by subtracting the amount absorbed by plants, etc. from CO₂ emissions

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Environmental management

Basic approach

As a corporate group that is responsible for the supply of energy, Mitsuuroko Group works to appropriately identify the impact that its business activities have on climate change and natural capital.

Furthermore, along with “environmental preservation” as set forth in the Charter of Corporate Ethics, the Group is engaging in initiatives together to realize a sustainable society.

Charter of Corporate Ethics (extract)

Contribute to the preservation of the global environment and the creation of a prosperous and livable society

Mitsuuroko Group will be aware that it receives various benefits from the Earth, including the resources necessary for its business activities, and that it is the Group's responsibility to preserve the global environment in a better state.



Environmental policies

1 Compliance of environmental laws and regulations

Fulfill our social responsibility by complying with environmental laws, ordinances, and agreements.

2 Response to climate change

Reduce greenhouse gas emissions, promote the efficient and sustainable use of energy, and strive to develop and provide products and services that contribute to climate change mitigation and adaptation.

3 Prevention of environmental pollution

Strive to prevent and reduce the impact of environmental pollution from chemical substances and oil, reduce emissions of air pollutants, and reduce and properly dispose of toxic wastes and wastewater.

4 Promotion of resource cycle

Strive for sustainable use of resources (fossil fuels, minerals, food, plastics, plants and animals, etc.) in the supply chain of our business activities and products.

5 Conservation and effective use of water resources

Strive to reduce water consumption through efficient water usage and recycling, and to properly dispose water.

6 Biodiversity conservation

Recognize the benefits of ecosystem services, minimize their impact on biodiversity, and contribute to their conservation.

7 Disclosure of information and communication

Make active efforts to disclose information on the environment and promote communication with society.

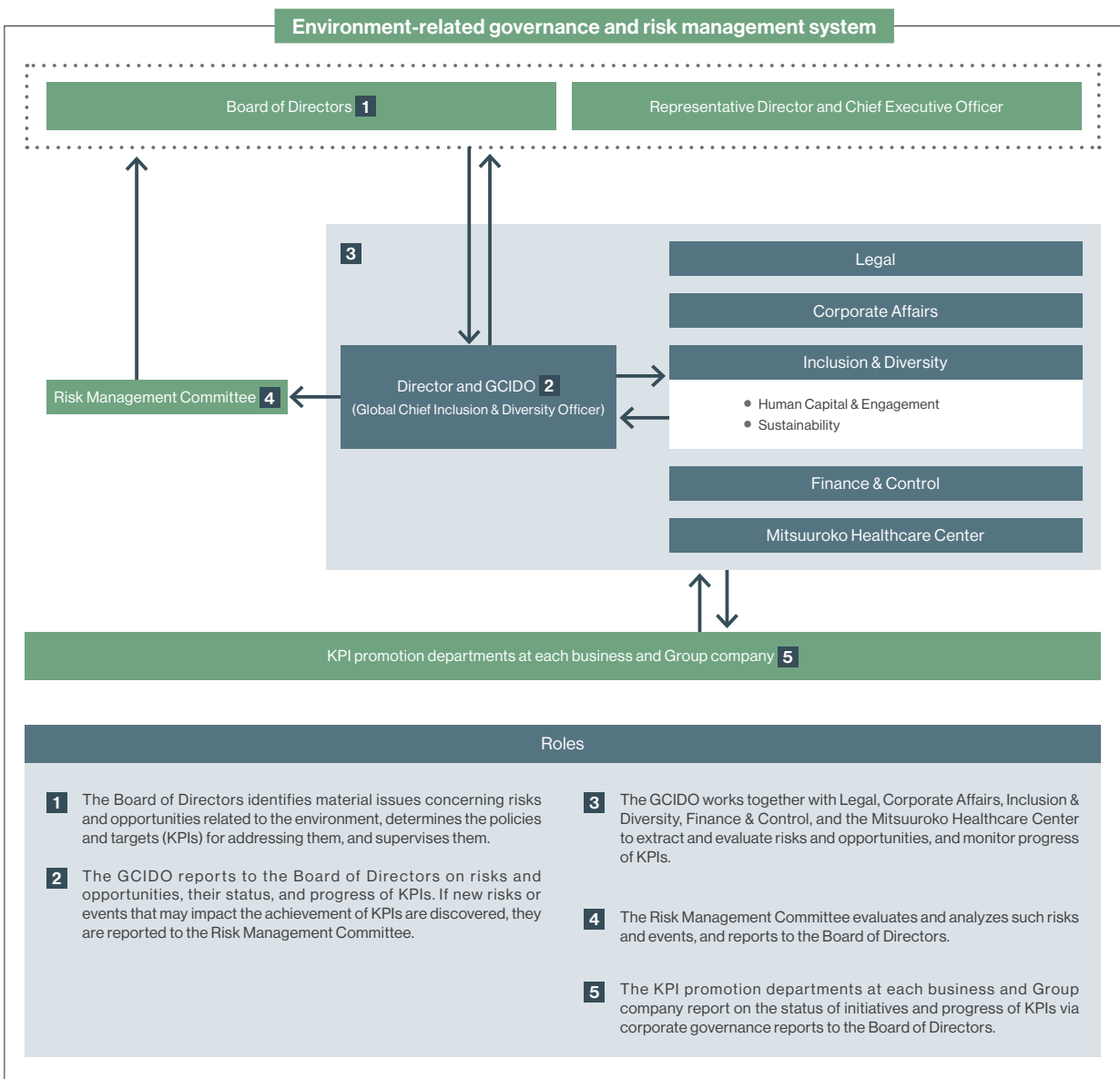


Environmental risk management

Environment-related governance and risk management system

The Company recognizes the preservation of the global environment as an important management issue, determines policies for addressing environmental issues, and oversees their status. Specifically, the Director and GCIDO reports periodically (at least once a year) to the Board of Directors on the Group's risks and opportunities related to environmental issues as well as their status. Based on these reports, the Board of Directors determines policies and targets (KPIs)

for addressing environmental issues. Additionally, during the Board of Directors' regular monthly meetings, the Director and GCIDO provides updates on the progress of initiatives aimed at addressing climate change policies and meeting Key Performance Indicators (KPIs). These updates are included as a vital component of the corporate governance report, and the Board of Directors oversees them accordingly.



Climate change initiatives

Basic approach

In terms of climate change initiatives, as an entity responsible for stable supply in regions, Mitsuuroko Group aims to harness its comprehensive power embedded in these regions to maintain and improve supply infrastructure to ensure supply is also available during emergencies, while implementing various initiatives that align with the diversification of customer needs and desire for choices.

All of Mitsuuroko Group is engaging in climate change initiatives to achieve a sustainable society through reducing CO₂ emissions, promoting renewable energy, and reducing fuel consumption. For customers who are focused on reducing CO₂, we offer environmentally friendly electricity plans that stipulate the use of renewable energy. In addition, we utilize monitoring information from remote automatic meter readings, and provide a delivery operation streamlining solution that proposes the optimal delivery plans.

TCFD

Mitsuuroko Group's climate change initiatives

Mitsuuroko Group considers the TCFD recommendations an effective framework for disclosing information and engaging in dialogue with stakeholders in regard to climate change issues. We announce our endorsement of the TCFD recommendations, and in accordance with the recommendations, we disclose information on the impact of climate change on the Group's business activities and the measures we are taking in response. The Company also participates in the TCFD Consortium*, which discusses initiatives for information disclosure on climate change response in accordance with the TCFD recommendations.



* The TCFD consortium:
A consortium established in May 2019 and led by the private sector to discuss effective disclosure of information by companies in response to climate change and measures to link the disclosed information to appropriate investment decisions by financial institutions and other parties. The Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry, the Financial Services Agency, and the Ministry of the Environment participate as observers.

Governance and risk management

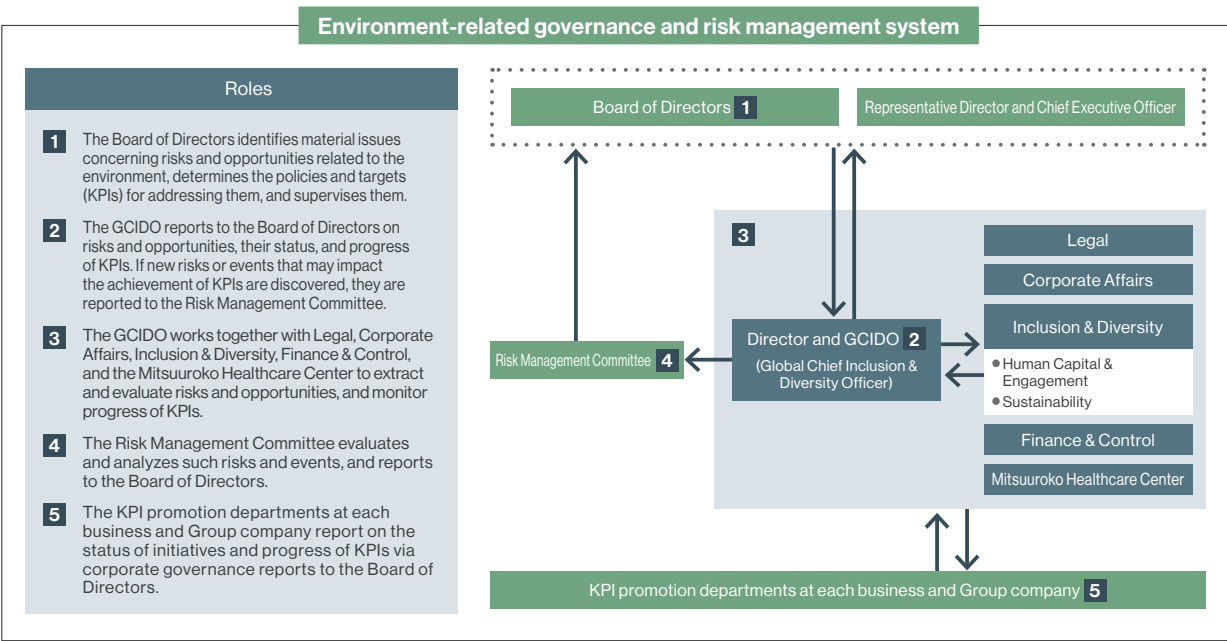
The Company recognizes climate change as an important management issue, and the Board of Directors determines policies for addressing climate change and oversees their status under the environment-related governance and risk management system. Specifically, the Director and GCIDO works together with Inclusion & Diversity, Finance & Control, Legal, Corporate Affairs, and the Mitsuuroko Healthcare Center to analyze materiality, extract and evaluate climate change-related risks and opportunities, and identify material issues concerning such risks.

In addition, the Director and GCIDO reports periodically (at least once a year) to the Board of Directors on the Group's risks and opportunities related to climate change as well as their status. Based on these reports, the Board of Directors determines policies and targets (KPIs) for addressing climate change. For KPIs determined, each department in charge of KPI promotion reports on the progress in a corporate governance report that is submitted monthly to Finance & Control, and

Inclusion & Diversity and Finance & Control monitor the progress.

At regular monthly meetings of the Board of Directors, the Director and GCIDO reports on the status of initiatives based on the policies and targets (KPIs) progress as one of the items in a corporate governance report, and the Board of Directors supervises accordingly.

If new risks or events that may impact the achievement of KPIs are discovered, each department reports them to the Director and GCIDO. The Director and GCIDO then reports to the Risk Management Committee, which is chaired by the Representative Director. The Risk Management Committee evaluates and analyzes such risks and events, reporting them to the Board of Directors. Based on these reports, the Board of Directors identifies new material issues, then determines policies and targets (KPIs), and supervises them accordingly.



Strategy

The Group assumes climate change to have a significant impact on its Energy Solutions Business and Power & Electricity Business. For these businesses, we have begun analyzing the below 2°C scenario, which is associated with high transition risks, and the 4°C scenario, which is associated with high physical risks. With 2050 as the target year, we are examining the risks and opportunities that may arise under these scenarios as well as response measures. The below 2°C scenario assumes that the climate will

not change significantly compared to its current state due to the tightening of environmental restrictions. The 4°C scenario assumes that decarbonization and carbon reduction efforts fail to advance, leading to an increase in physical risks such as those due to natural disasters. Going forward, we will evaluate the impacts under each scenario and also carry out scenario analysis for other businesses, taking the results into account in the formulation of our management plans.

Indicators and targets

The Group's GHG emissions in FY2022 were approximately 5.69 million t-CO₂eq. 99.1% of the emissions were Scope 3, of which 46.5% was attributed to customer gas, electricity, and product usage and 43.4% was attributed to related

procurement operations. The Group's Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions were attributed to vehicle operation (gas delivery vehicles and company cars) and gas and electricity usage within the Company.

Breakdown by Scope				
Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions			Percentage	CO ₂ emissions reduction target
Scope 1	Gas delivery vehicles and company cars	★ 27,392 t-CO ₂	0.5%	Carbon neutrality by 2050
Scope 2	The Company's electricity usage	★ 22,760 t-CO ₂	0.4%	
Scope 3	Energy procurement and customer usage	★ 5,637,373 t-CO ₂ eq	99.1%	

★ marked indicators are independently assured by KPMG AZSA Sustainability Co., Ltd. For Scope 3 emissions, the Company's category 1 (★549,816 t-CO₂eq), category 3 (★2,449,204 t-CO₂eq), category 4 (★18,390 t-CO₂eq), and category 11 (★2,619,963 t-CO₂eq) emissions have each been assured as well as the total of these four categories. (See pages 29–30 for information on the calculation standard)

To reduce the Company's direct CO₂ emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2), the Group is automating remotely obtained data meter readings for LPG and working to streamline delivery operations (reduction of truck operating time and travel distance), eliminate complicated deliveries, and promote eco-driving activities. We are also changing to electric vehicles (EVs) for company cars and increasing the amount of renewable energy and

environmentally friendly energy sources we handle. In addition, to contribute to the reduction of CO₂ emissions in our supply chain (Scope 3), we are expanding our meter readings service and delivery operation streamlining services powered by SmartOWL®, transitioning to high-efficiency equipment (ECO FEEL, fuel conversion systems, ECO-JOZU, ECO ONE), and promoting the Mitsuuroko Green Plan.

Climate change initiatives

FY2022 initiatives to reduce CO₂ emissions

In the Energy Solutions Business, we have promoted the expansion of our meter readings service and delivery operation streamlining service powered by SmartOWL®, and are transitioning to high-efficiency equipment for our existing customers. We are also improving fuel efficiency during deliveries by eliminating complicated deliveries, and shortening travel distances to reduce fuel consumption through eco-driving activities.

In the Power & Electricity Business, we are expanding the provision of the Mitsuuroko Green Plan.

In the Foods Business, we are promoting the use of label-less PET bottles, plastic-free products (paper straws and wooden muddlers), and recycled products made from preforms (raw materials of PET bottles).

In the Living & Wellness Business, we have worked continuously to expand renewable energy electricity

contracts in common areas of owned properties and switched to energy-saving equipment and water-saving facilities. Moreover, our employees acquired real estate assessor qualifications for CASBEE (Comprehensive Assessment System for Built Environment Efficiency), a method for evaluating and rating the environmental performance of buildings. EAS café is also promoting a plastic-free service, replacing 100% of drinking straws and cups with paper ones and 50% of cutlery with wooden ones. We are also working on reducing food mileage*, and offer products purchased from local stores in Yokohama-shi or vegetables hydroponically grown in the stores. In FY2023, we will continue and expand the above initiatives in each business.

* This thinking focuses on the impact on the global environment of CO₂ emitted from the transportation of food.

Climate-related risks and opportunities, and their response measures

Scenario	Category	Classifications of factors	Opportunity/ Risk	Risks and opportunities
Below 2°C	Transition risk	Administrative policies and laws	Risk	Tightening of fossil fuel regulations and operating cost increases due to carbon taxes (Estimated cost increase: approx. ¥1,500 million/year ¹) (Carbon tax (for developed countries including Japan) is projected to rise to US\$135/t-CO ₂ by 2030 and US\$200/t-CO ₂ by 2050 ²)
			Opportunities	Increase sales in the Power & Electricity Business due to increased demand for renewable energy (Renewable energy is expected to comprise 58% of Japan's energy mix by 2050 ²)
		Market and technology	Risk	Decrease in sales for LPG and petroleum products (Petroleum demand in Japan is expected to fall by 78% by 2050 compared to 2022 ²)
			Opportunities	Reduction of future in-house power generation costs if the Company establishes plants that take advantage of developments in renewable energy production technologies (Solar power generation costs are expected to drop by 50% by 2050 compared to 2022 ²)
			Risk	Increase in costs to meet the rising expectations of investors and the market in respect to corporate climate change initiatives (Financing costs and communication costs)
4°C	Physical risk	Acute	Risk	Decrease in sales and increase in recovery costs due to damage to plants and facilities, the supply chain, and power companies as a result of heavy rain and floods

¹ The cost increase for business operations due to the impact of carbon tax is calculated as below:
2050 Carbon tax of US\$200/t-CO₂ is based on the International Energy Agency's publication, "World Energy Outlook 2023".
Group's CO₂ emissions (t) in 2022 × US\$200/t-CO₂ × exchange rate (¥/\$)
² Each estimation is based on the calculations in "World Energy Outlook 2023."

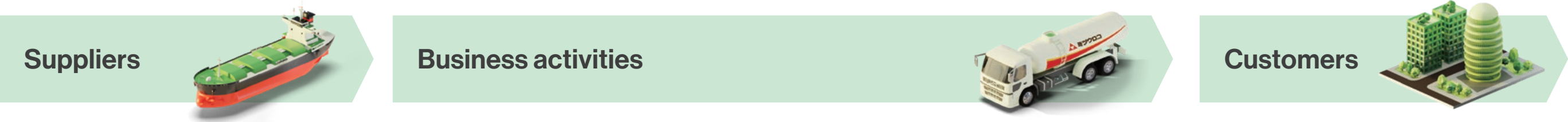
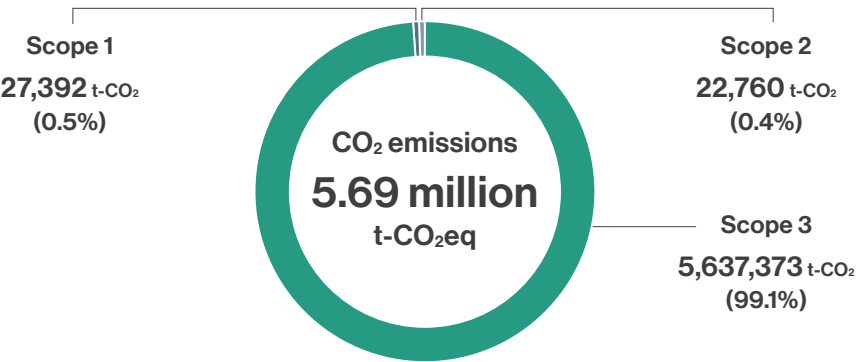


Direction of response and measures
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Carbon neutrality by 2050• Participate in TSE's Carbon Credit Market• Automate remotely obtained data meter readings for LPG• Reduce truck operating time and travel distance by streamlining delivery operations• Promote eco-driving activities• Change to EVs for all company cars by around 2030• Increase amount of renewable energy and environmentally friendly energy sources handled
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Spread natural renewable energy and promote the installation of energy-saving housing equipment• Sell natural renewable energy not dependent on traditional fossil fuels and other new energy equipment such as storage batteries, and provide services such as the "Mitsuuroko Green Plan"
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Establish own plants that utilize the newest developments in renewable energy production technologies and increase amount of renewable energy sources handled• Utilize PPA model³ and increase solar power generation• Focus on popularizing EVs and promote the development of 100% renewable energy EV charging infrastructure• Expand the installation of storage batteries and strengthen ability to adjust electricity supply and demand• Focus on transitioning from FIT system to FIP system⁴ and launch renewable energy aggregation business
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Actively work to meet the changing expectations of investors and the market• Proactively engage in ESG-related initiatives and enhance relevant information disclosures• Focus on sales of new energy equipment, including high-efficiency water heaters, distributed demand appliance ENE-FARM, solar power and storage batteries, to contribute to reducing customers' CO₂ emissions
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Produce disaster manuals and conduct security training, safety confirmation drills, and evacuation drills• Implement disaster response measures at LPG filling stations (disaster prevention nets, lashing belts, etc.) and consumers' homes (double chains, tension-type high-pressure hoses, etc.)• Develop a complementary system for LPG delivery that can be used by Japan Enagis Co., Ltd. and among facilities• Develop a robust business continuity plan (BCP) system through the enhancement of disaster manuals• Open the Nagano Office of Mitsuuroko Administration Center

³ PPA model: A business model in which business operators install, manage, and maintain solar power systems on the roofs of consumers' offices free of charge. Consumers then purchase the electricity that is generated. PPA stands for Power Purchase Agreement
⁴ FIT: A system where power companies purchase electricity from renewable energy sources at a fixed price for a fixed period of time. FIT stands for Feed in Tariff
FIP: A system where power generation business operators that produce electricity from renewable energy sources and sell it in wholesale markets or through over-the-counter trading are granted a premium equivalent to the difference in the standard price (FIP price) and the market price. FIP stands for Feed in Premium

Environmental impact of the value chain

The Group's GHG emissions in FY2022 were approximately 5.69 million t-CO₂eq. 99.1% of the emissions were Scope 3, of which 46.5% was attributed to customer gas, electricity, and product usage and 43.4% was attributed to related procurement operations. Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions were attributed to the business activities' vehicle operation (gas delivery vehicles and company cars) and gas and electricity usage within the Company.



Input of resources and energy	Suppliers		Business activities			
	Main raw materials and fuels		Main raw materials and fuels			
	LPG	300,068 t	LPG	2,080 t	Piped gas(City gas)	2,231 thousand Nm ³
	Gasoline	240,955 kL	Gasoline	997 kL	Electricity	53,552 thousand kWh
	Heating oil	327,360 kL	Heavy oil	2,796 kL	Warm water	1,993 GJ
	Diesel fuel	93,890 kL	Diesel fuel	849 kL	Cold water	5,644 GJ
			Heating oil	167 kL	Steam for industrial use	888 GJ

External emissions	Suppliers			Business activities				Customers		
	Greenhouse gas emissions			Greenhouse gas emissions				Greenhouse gas emissions		
	Scope 3	Category 1	★ 549,816 t-CO ₂ eq	Scope 1	★ 27,392 t-CO ₂	Scope 2	★ 22,760 t-CO ₂	Scope 3	Category 11	★ 2,619,963 t-CO ₂ eq
		Category 3	★ 2,449,204 t-CO ₂ eq	Waste volume		Recycled volume				
		Category 4	★ 18,390 t-CO ₂ eq	Generated volume		Final disposal volume				
				Industrial waste	13,599 t	3,777 t	9,821 t			
				Toxic waste	0 t	-	0 t			

Suppliers	Business activities	Customers
Initiatives	Initiatives	Initiatives
Reducing CO ₂ emissions from LPG delivery with the delivery operation streamlining solution powered by SmartOWL®	Improving delivery efficiency with SmartOWL®	Promoting sales of high-efficiency water heaters
Promoting the Mitsuuroko Green Plan	Switching sales vehicles to fuel-efficient vehicles (including EVs), eliminating complicated deliveries, and promoting eco-driving	
Eliminating mineral water PET bottle labels and eliminating plastic from restaurants		

★ marked indicators are independently assured by KPMG AZSA Sustainability Co., Ltd. The Company has received independent assurance report since FY2020. For more information, please refer to the Sustainability Report of previous year. The basis for the calculations is as follows:
The boundary covers Mitsuuroko Group Holdings Co., Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries. We have added Shizuoka Mitsuuroko Foods Co., Ltd. since November 2021. Starting in FY2022, Daiichi Gas Co., Ltd. (acquired in April 2022) and General Storage Company Pte. Ltd. (acquired in December 2021) were added to the boundary of the calculation. Scope 1 and 2 emissions include only CO₂ emissions, while scope 3 emissions include GHG emissions other than CO₂.

Scope 1: CO₂ emission factor of fuel and the unit calorific value are based on the coefficients specified in the Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures.
Scope 2: CO₂ emission factors of electricity are based on the adjusted emission factors by each of specific electric utility business operators for Japan and the specific emission factors published by power companies for overseas.
Scope 3: Each emissions intensity is referenced from the Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures; the Ministry of the Environment's "Database on Emissions Unit Values for Accounting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions, etc., by Organizations Throughout the Supply Chain"; and the Inventory Database for Environmental Analysis version 3.1 (IDEAv3.1) for calculating supply chain greenhouse gas emissions, published by the Sustainable Management Promotion Organization.
Category 1: Calculated by multiplying the amount (physical quantity) of petroleum-derived fuel and piped gas(City gas) procured for sales by the emission intensity for each fuel type specified in IDEAv3.1.

Category 3: GHG emissions derived from the extraction, production, and transportation of fossil fuels used in the production of electricity for sales purposes and the production of energy purchased for in-house use. Emissions from "electricity for sales purposes" are calculated by multiplying the amount of electricity sold by the basic emission factor of Mitsuuroko Group conducting retail electricity business and the emission intensity database figure. Emissions from "in-house electricity consumption" are calculated by multiplying the amount of electricity used for in-house consumption by the emission intensity database figure. Emissions from "in-house fuel consumption" are calculated by multiplying the amount of fuel used for in-house consumption by the fuel emission intensities specified in IDEAv3.1 for each fuel type.

Category 4: Upstream transportation emissions are calculated by multiplying the transportation volume (t-km), which is the product of the cargo weight and the distance transported, by the IDEAv3.1 emission intensity for each transportation type. For shipping and transportation, fuel consumption is multiplied by the emission intensity from the Ministry of the Environment database.
Category 11: Calculated by multiplying the sold volume (physical quantity) of petroleum-derived fuel and piped gas(City gas) by their respective fuel-specific calorific values and CO₂ emission factors.

Response to climate change

Controlling customer CO₂ emissions

Promotion of high-efficiency gas equipment

We seek to contribute to the reduction of CO₂ emissions and the prevention of global warming through the promotion of high-efficiency gas equipment, proposing and selling efficient products with high added value. Aiming to meet our customers' diverse needs and preferences, these products include latent heat recovery-type high efficiency water heaters for domestic use called "ECO-JOZU," which reduce CO₂ emissions by approximately 16% compared to conventional heaters, as well as "ECO ONE," a hybrid hot water and heating system that combines a heat pump water heater with "ECO-JOZU," achieving an approximately 40% reduction in CO₂ emissions.



Promotion of residential-use fuel cell "ENE-FARM"

For the promotion of the new energy solutions business, we are working to improve energy efficiency through a local power production and consumption approach centered on the best mix of energy. We are currently focusing on the fact that the main forms of power supply have low energy efficiency in terms of transmission loss and waste heat loss, promoting the rollout of "ENE-FARM," a distributed power generation system installed in each consumption area. "ENE-FARM" is an LPG-based system, and we are mainly concentrating on popularizing it among new general households by partnering with home construction companies. Through these efforts, we will continue to promote the spread of distributed energy systems.



Expanding sales of solar power generation systems

Solar power is a carbon-free source of energy that does not emit greenhouse gases. Consumers do not need to pay consumption charges and can reduce the amount of electricity they purchase from power companies by using the power generated for their own household. Unused energy can then be sold to power companies. It is also highly economic, as once installed, power can continue to be generated as long as there is sunlight. Since Japan often faces natural disasters such as earthquakes, typhoons, and severe rainstorms, solar represents an effective source of emergency power in the event of power outages. We will also promote the spread of energy creation/storage system through the installation of storage batteries together with solar power generation systems.



Expanding the energy solutions business

We save energy at a wide range of facilities including plants, commercial facilities, and hospitals through the selection and maintenance of cogeneration systems and the proposal of energy-saving equipment. We also work to realize comprehensive energy management centered on electricity, thermal, measurement, control, power storage, and power generation. In addition to reducing running costs with our energy solutions, we are expanding business that helps the global environment. Committed to the achievement of a sustainable society, we provide solutions for the future.

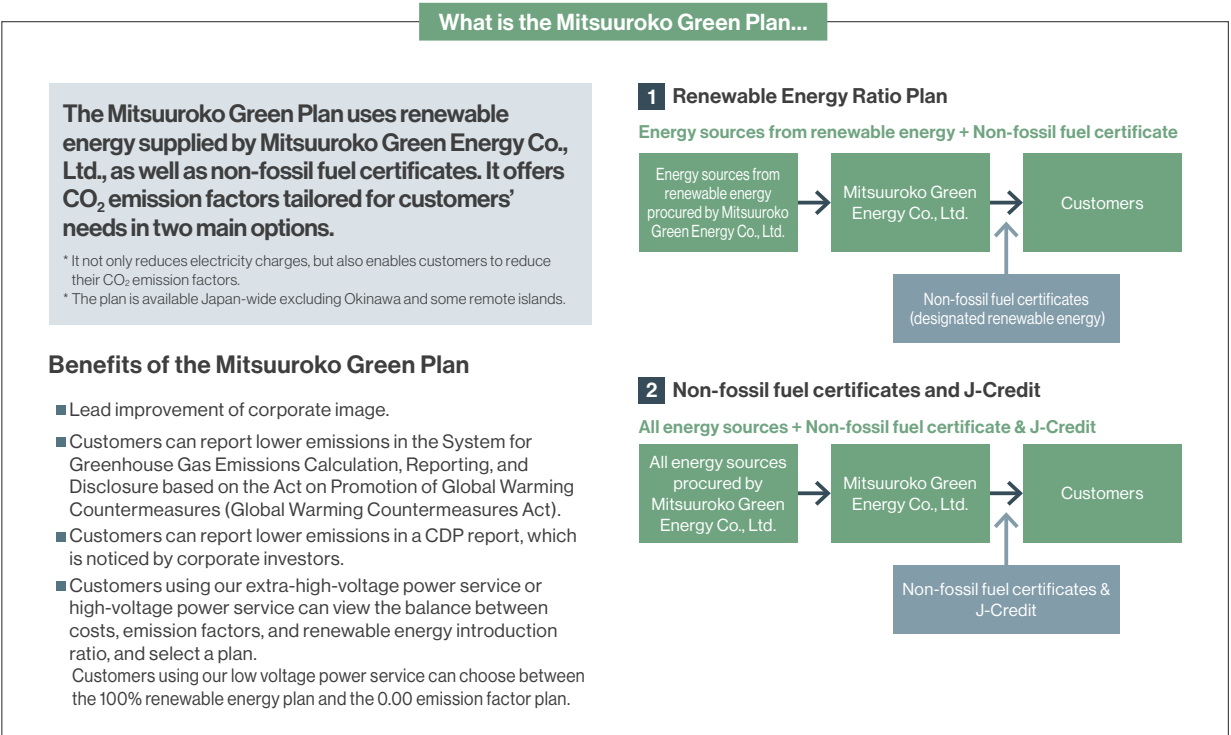
Development of renewable energy sources

Renewable energy is an important form of domestic energy that does not emit greenhouse gases and can be produced within Japan. It harnesses the natural environment and is also a vital power source for the development and maintenance of society. We will facilitate the smooth operation of our existing power plants and develop new renewable energy sources, particularly solar power plants.

Provision of the Mitsuuroko Green Plan

Since the "Paris Agreement" was adopted in December 2015, the awareness of consumers and investors toward climate change has increased rapidly, and corporate efforts toward reducing greenhouse gas emissions are

being viewed as important. By providing the "Mitsuuroko Green Plan" to customers who are working to reduce their CO₂ emissions, we will contribute to a low-carbon society and meet the needs of our customers.



Key examples

Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd. began offering the Mitsuuroko Green Plan to the Morioka Saien Center Building owned by Mitsuuroko Group Holdings Co., Ltd. on November 1, 2023. Electricity used at the facility will be supplied from 100% renewable energy sources* by combining electricity generated by renewable energy power plants owned

by the Company and our affiliates, and non-fossil fuel certificates designated for renewable energy, thereby achieving zero CO₂ emissions.

* Includes FIT electricity. Part of the cost of procuring FIT electricity is covered by a surcharge paid by electricity users, including customers other than the Company's.

Response to climate change

Initiatives of operating companies

Participation in TSE's Carbon Credit^{*1} Market

From December 2022, Mitsuuroko Vessel Co., Ltd. participated in the Carbon Credit Market demonstration project, which the Tokyo Stock Exchange was conducting. The Company has also decided to participate in the Carbon Credit Market that was commercially opened on October 11, 2023.

^{*1} Carbon credit is a system to trade the reduced emission of greenhouse gas such as CO₂. It is expected to realize steady reduction of CO₂ emissions and economic rationality as outlined in the Government's "Basic Policy for the Realization of GX" to realize carbon neutrality by 2050.
The Tokyo Stock Exchange officially opened the Carbon Credit Market on October 11, 2023, making use of the knowledge gained from the Technical Demonstration Project for Carbon Credit Market commissioned by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and implemented in fiscal 2022 as well as the experience in the market operation.



Improving LPG operation efficiency with SmartOWL[®]

In the LPG business, we are contributing to the realization of a low-carbon society by eliminating waste and by reviewing the existing workflow. The SmartOWL[®] service is a solution that collects and analyzes LPG meter information to automate and save labor for LPG operations such as meter reading and container delivery, which were previously performed manually. For the series of business models and unique logic that link information collected by LPWA to delivery

efficiency improvement, we have obtained four patents and are expanding the service to enable more LPG companies to use it.



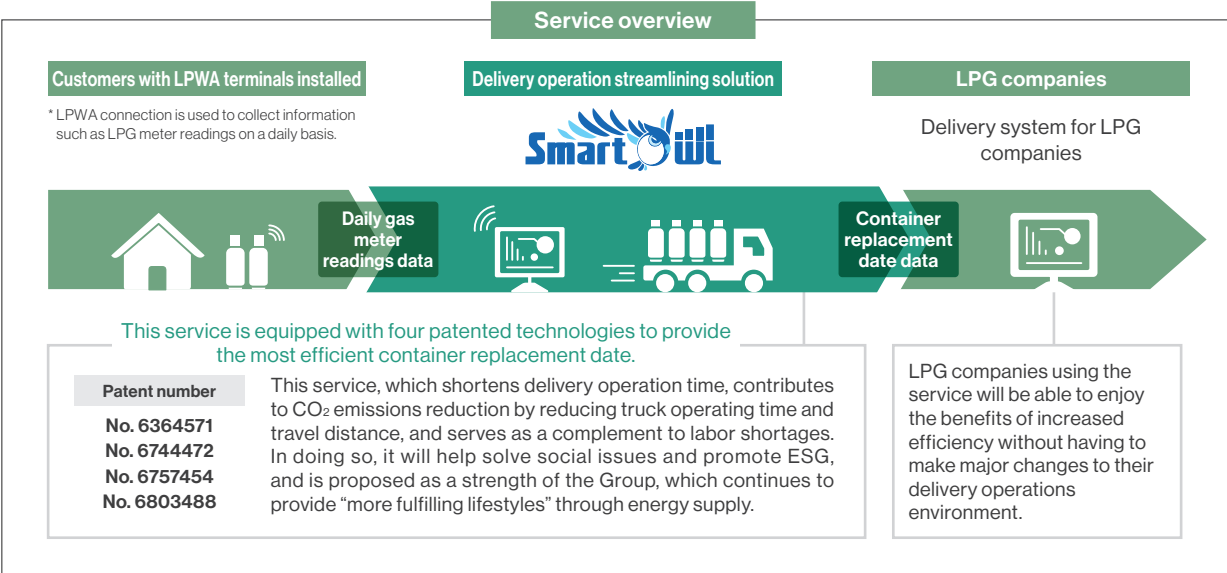
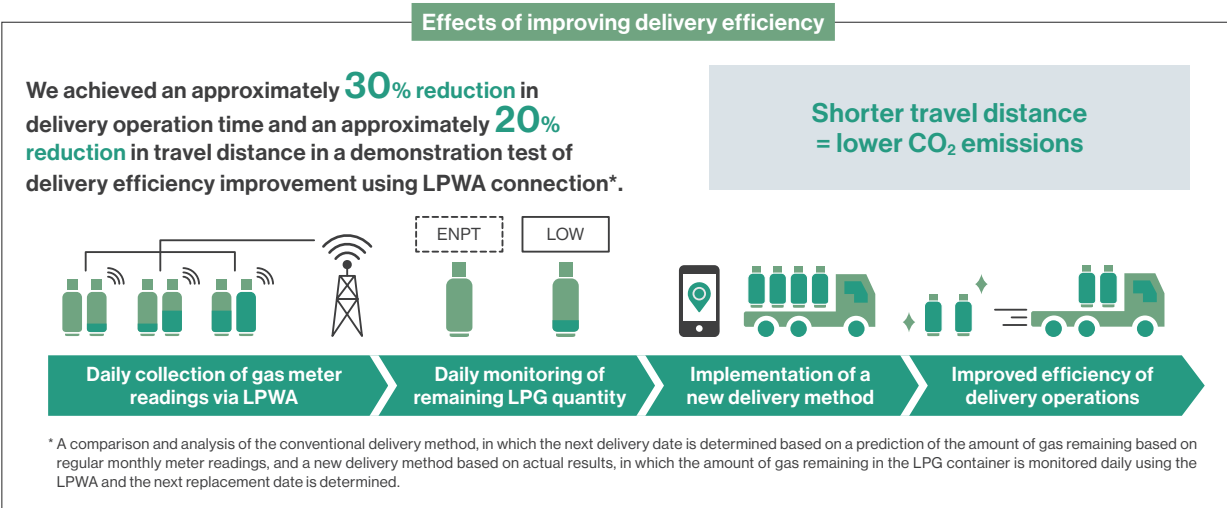
Complementing labor shortages and reducing environmental impact by improving delivery efficiency

In order to use LPG, it is essential to deliver LPG containers to the consumers' homes by truck, and by streamlining this delivery operation, the distance traveled by trucks can be shortened, thereby reducing CO₂ emissions. Mitsuuroko Creative Solutions Co., Ltd. has been providing the SmartOWL[®] delivery operation streamlining solution, which incorporates the four patented technologies and know-how described in the "Service overview" on page 34, to LPG companies since October 2021.

A comparison of the number of deliveries made by group companies in the year before and after the introduction of the system shows that the number of deliveries decreased from 79,320 times/year to 51,839 times/year, a reduction of 27,481 times/year, and the improved delivery efficiency has complemented the shortage of labor and contributed to a reduction in CO₂ emitted during delivery.

CO ₂ emissions reduction effects of Mitsuuroko Group (Scope 1)	
Reduced number of deliveries from November 2022 to October 2023	27,481
Amount of CO ₂ emissions reduced	Approximately 32,208 kg

- Distance traveled per delivery 4.7km
 - CO₂ emissions per liter of diesel fuel 2.58kg-CO₂/L
 - Fuel efficiency of 2-ton trucks 10.35km/L
- From the above, CO₂ emissions per delivery is 1.172 kg
Amount of CO₂ emissions reduced = 1.172 kg × Number of deliveries reduced



Reducing environmental impact by automating meter reading

In the past, it was necessary to visit consumers' homes to read the gas meter in order to ascertain the volume of LPG sold. Due to the nature of LPG service areas, cars are primarily used for transportation during meter reading. The LPG Meter Information Provision Service, which has been offered by Mitsuuroko Creative Solutions Co., Ltd. since April 2019, allows users to remotely read guideline readings, eliminating the need to drive for meter reading, resulting in a reduction in CO₂ emissions.

CO ₂ emissions reduction effects of Mitsuuroko Group (Scope 1)	
Number of automatic meter readings from April 2019, when the service began, to October 2023	1,786,747
Amount of CO ₂ emissions reduced	Approximately 159,557 kg

Customers' CO ₂ emissions reduction effects	
Number of automatic meter readings from April 2019, when the service began, to October 2023	2,131,901
Amount of CO ₂ emissions reduced	Approximately 190,166 kg

- Distance traveled per meter reading (actual results from randomly selected MV retailers) 500m
 - CO₂ emissions per liter of gasoline 2.32kg-CO₂/L
 - Fuel efficiency of meter reading vehicles 13km/L
- From the above, CO₂ emissions per meter reading is 0.0892 kg
Amount of CO₂ emissions reduced = 0.0892 kg × Number of meter readings

Response to climate change

Wind power generation business

In wind power generation, a turbine is turned by the force of wind, and this rotational motion is then transferred to a generator to create electricity. It is a comparatively efficient method of power generation where 40% of wind’s energy can be converted to electricity. With its long coastlines, Japan has many locations suitable for harnessing stable wind power (average wind speed of 6 m/second or more), making it a promising country for wind turbines.

			Total output
March 2007	Azuchi Oshima Wind Power Station	Oshima-mura, Hirado-shi, Nagasaki	32,000 kW
January 2008	Kamisu Wind Power Station	Yanagawa, Kamisu-shi, Ibaraki	10,000 kW



Mega solar business

Although mega solar plants adopt the same mechanism as residential solar power systems, they are not installed on the roofs of houses. They are installed in large areas of vacant land and have large-scale generation capacity making them suitable for industrial use. Expectations are high for both the Suigo-Itako Solar Power Plant in Ibaraki (power output of approximately 14,500 kW) and the Futtsu Solar Power Plant in Chiba (power output of approximately 40,000 kW), which are participating in the business, as next-generation energy sources.

			Total output
February 2014	Suigo-Itako Solar Power Plant	Maekawa, Itako-shi, Ibaraki	14,500 kW
July 2014	Futtsu Solar Power Plant	Shimokenzaku, Kato, Futtsu-shi, Chiba	40,000 kW



Solar power plants with output under two megawatts

The Group is working to expand the use of solar power generation systems and fuel cells to promote the spread of renewable energy. We also have solar power plants that are of a smaller scale than the mega solar plants described above (less than 2 megawatts). We currently operate these plants in 19 locations, and the total output in FY2022 was 6,956 thousand kWh.



Biomass power generation business

Biomass is an organic resource (excluding fossil fuel) produced by organisms from the inorganic compounds of water and CO₂ using solar energy. It is a sustainable and renewable energy source that only requires life and solar energy. Within biomass, it is the category of “woody biomass,” which comes from wood such as thinned wood and construction wood waste. Since CO₂ generated by burning woody biomass is absorbed from the atmosphere by trees in the process of photosynthesis that drives their growth, there is virtually no increase in atmospheric CO₂. This is called “carbon neutral.”

			Total output
January 2006	Mitsuuroko Iwakuni Power Plant	Iwakuni-shi, Yamaguchi	Japan's first wood chip combustion 10,000 kW power plant

We provide electricity produced at the Mitsuuroko Iwakuni Power Plant to the customers of our power and electricity sales business.



Commencement of grid energy storage stations that will contribute to spreading renewable energy as the main form of power and the stability of power grid

Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd. has installed new grid storage batteries in Tahara-shi, Aichi and Sendai-shi, Miyagi, and started commercial operation. At the storage station in Tahara-shi, storage batteries are installed by utilizing the interconnection lines that became available for connection following the removal of deteriorated existing wind turbines, and the station is playing a role in the expansion of renewable energy by converting operations to the site where replacement is not possible. The use of renewable energy power generation facilities for the realization of carbon neutrality by 2050 has seen demand for expansion. However, there are difficulties in power generation prediction and control due to the fact that facilities such as those for solar and wind power are affected by the seasons and the climate. To solve these challenges, it is essential to secure “adjustment capability” to control unstable power generation. At these power storage stations, the storage batteries can be used as “adjustment capability,” and the charge or discharge control of the storage batteries can then be used to compensate for the shortfall in the power generation plan of the renewable energy power source, thereby contributing to the stabilization of the power

grid^{*1}. In addition, these storage stations can also be used in the control of distributed energy resources and other such applications. As an aggregator^{*2}, Mitsuuroko Green Energy will operate the storage stations using its own in-house system^{*3}, and contribute to the further adoption of renewable energy and the stabilization of the power grid by entering markets such as the supply-demand adjustment market and the capacity market.

^{*1} A system that integrates power generation, substation, power transmission, and distribution to supply power to consumers’ power receiving equipment.
^{*2} A business operator that effectively manages energy by bundling the electricity demand of consumers and distributed power sources (storage batteries and in-house power generation equipment).
^{*3} Press Release on December 6, 2021 “A business alliance agreement has been entered into with Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. to develop and demonstrate the next-generation integrated power system utilizing off-grid energy resources” https://www.mitsuurokogreenenergy.com/news/pdf/release_211206.pdf



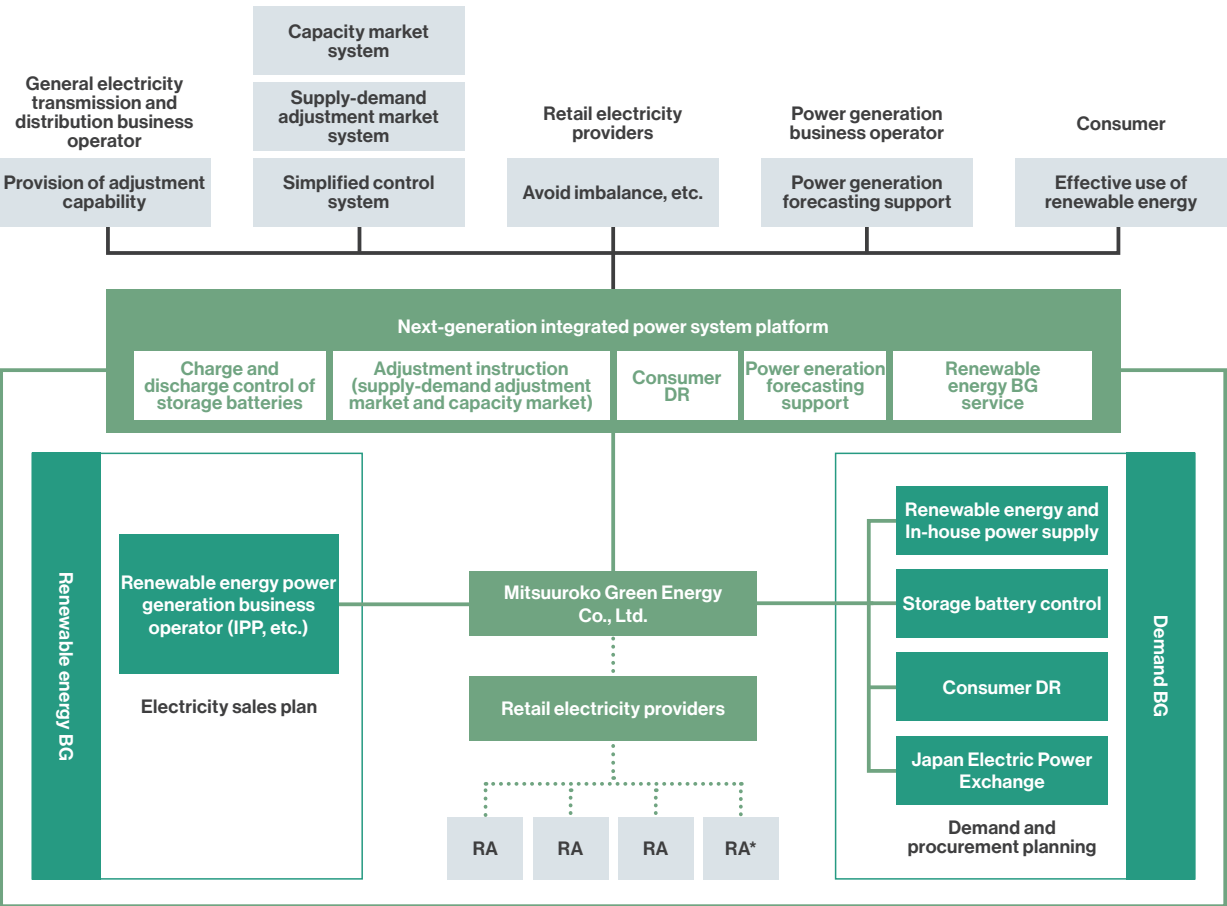
			Business entity (including operation)	Output/ Capacity
September 2023	Mitsuuroko Tahara Power Storage Station	Mutsure-cho, Tahara-shi, Aichi Due to the age of the wind farm owned by the Company, the wind farm was removed and the existing grid frame was used (equipment modification) to install this power storage station.	Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd.	1,500 kW/ 6,000 kWh
December 2023	Mitsuuroko Sendai Power Storage Station	Miyagino-ku, Sendai-shi, Miyagi	Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd.	1,534 kW/ 6,140 kWh

Response to climate change

Initiative for participating in renewable energy aggregation business

To participate in renewable energy aggregation business, Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd., has entered into and started operation of a business tie-up with Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. to develop and demonstrate Integrated Power Control Central (IPoCC), a next-generation integrated power system that utilizes distributed energy resources such as storage batteries. Based on the business tie-ups, we aim to build “IPoCC” and provide power generation forecasting and renewable energy supply-demand adjustment services for renewable energy power generation facilities, such as those for solar and wind power, which fluctuate substantially. Its development will enable a smoother

response to the supply-demand adjustment market which is phased in from FY2021, and the capacity market, which will start in FY2024. Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd. and Nippon Koei Co., Ltd. have labeled IPoCC as “epoch-making.” The two companies aim to establish it as next-generation standard in power control systems, and in addition to developing and testing it, they are focusing on external sales and the expansion of aggregation energy business. Through these efforts, they will contribute to the popularization of renewable energy and the realization of a decarbonized society.



Received a five-star rating from the Energy Conservation Communication Ranking System

Following on from FY2022, Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd. received the highest rating of five stars with a perfect score of 145 points as a retail electricity provider in the 2023 evaluation results of the “Energy Conservation Communication Ranking System” conducted by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and the Agency for Natural Resources and Energy. The purpose of this system is to evaluate and publicize the level of information and services provided by each provider for general consumers regarding energy efficiency and conservation and the status of their efforts, so that general consumers can use the evaluation results as reference information when selecting an electricity or

gas company, and to encourage further energy efficiency and conservation efforts based on the information provided for it. Mitsuuroko Green Energy is actively working to provide useful information on energy efficiency and conservation to customers, share information on environmental issues and initiatives related to decarbonization through webinars and social media, and expand the use of demand response services to encourage power-saving.



Improvement and expansion of demand response service* functions for the next-generation integrated power system IPoCC

Since July 2021, Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd. has been providing Demand Response (DR) services to its customers using our extra-high-voltage power service or high-voltage power service. In July 2022, we began offering additional DR services to general households. The supply-demand situation for electricity has remained difficult due to recent sharp rises in fuel prices, the shutdown of thermal power plants, and the heat waves in the summer. In light of this, we continue to operate the DR service of the next-generation integrated power control system, IPoCC, which has been improved since last year with the aim of further enhancing the service. The service is constantly improving and evolving to meet customer needs.

- Added functions**
- Early delivery of DR implementation result reports Long-term DR activation
 - Long-term DR activation

* Demand response is a system that allows consumers to change their electricity consumption patterns in response to electricity pricing or incentive payments in order to curb the use of electricity during times of high wholesale market prices or low grid reliability, in order to balance the supply and demand of electricity by decreasing or increasing the consumption of electricity. As renewable energy sources become more prevalent, there is a need for an adjustment mechanism that handles power generation being affected by weather conditions, and DR is an effective means to address this issue.

Collaboration in electric vehicle charging business

On October 31, 2023, in forming a capital and business tie-up with Yourstand Co., Ltd. for collaboration in the electric vehicle (EV) charging business, Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd. entered into a basic agreement and an investment agreement for a third-party allocation of shares to the Company. This capital and business tie-up will contribute to the rollout of EV charging infrastructure in Japan by combining Yourstand's extensive track record and expertise in EV charging equipment sales and installation

with the Group's customer base and nationwide sales network. By combining Yourstand's EV charging management system with the Group's unique electricity menu offering, we intend to contribute to leveling the balance between electricity supply and demand in society as a whole.



Response to climate change

Started accepting applications for Yamaguchi Prefecture limited menu Yamaguchi Buchi Eco-denki utilizing the hydroelectric power plant owned by the Public Enterprise Bureau, Yamaguchi Prefectural Government

Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd. started accepting applications on February 1, 2024 for Yamaguchi Buchi Eco-denki,¹ a new electricity menu for corporations in Yamaguchi Prefecture that promotes local production for local consumption by utilizing electricity from a hydroelectric power plant owned by the Public Enterprise Bureau of Yamaguchi Prefectural Government, and began supplying electricity in April.



Advantages of joining Yamaguchi Buchi Eco-denki

- 1 Since nine hydroelectric power plants in Yamaguchi Prefecture are identified as power sources, local production for local consumption of electricity can be achieved.
- 2 The power will be supplied by a combination of such power and non-fossil fuel certificates, and will be 100% renewable energy and CO₂-free. If there is a shortage of such power, we will supply power by preferentially tying the non-fossil fuel certificates to power from the Mitsuuroko Iwakuni Power Plant² owned by us in Yamaguchi Prefecture.
- 3 For extra-high-voltage and high-voltage facilities, optimal prices are tailor-made according to electricity usage conditions, so there is a possibility of introducing renewable electricity at a lower cost than the current electricity rates. For low-voltage facilities, please refer to the application guidelines.^{*1}
- 4 The use of the Yamaguchi Buchi Eco-denki logo and the Yamaguchi Renewable Energy Utilization Business Office Certificate^{*3} will provide external publicity.

^{*1} Yamaguchi Buchi Eco-denki flyer, application guidelines Leaflet https://mitsuurokogreenenergy.jp/pdf/yamaguchi_0240125.pdf
Application guidelines https://mitsuurokogreenenergy.jp/pdf/yamaguchi-youkou_20240125.pdf
^{*2} Mitsuuroko Iwakuni Power Plant <https://www.mitsuurokogreenenergy.com/company/plant/iwakuni.html>
^{*3} A separate application must be submitted to the Yamaguchi Prefecture Environmental Life Department. Please refer to the link below. <https://www.pref.yamaguchi.lg.jp/site/saenedenryokuriyozigyuosyo/>

Announcement of the offering of the EV Sumatoku Plan, a limited menu for electric vehicle (EV) owners

Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd. started offering EV Sumatoku Plan for electric vehicle (EV) owners on February 6, 2024.

This plan is an electricity plan that allows customers to save money by adjusting the time range they charge their EVs and use other home appliances. The service is characterized by a “recharge time” between 11:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. every day, regardless of weekdays or holidays, which offers even more economical rates. By shifting the use of electricity from the evening peak hours to daytime hours, we intend to help level the supply and demand of electricity in society as a whole by reducing the amount of electricity demand in the evenings, when electricity demand tends to be tighter.

Outline of EV Sumatoku Plan

Application opens	February 6, 2024
Supported areas	Tohoku and Tokyo Electric Power Company areas; Areas to be expanded as needed ^{*1}
Target	Individuals and corporations that own EVs ^{*2}

^{*1} Assumes service area of Mitsuuroko Green Energy Co., Ltd. <https://mitsuurokogreenenergy.jp/mge/area/>
^{*2} A copy of the EV's vehicle inspection certificate must be attached to the application.

Other climate change initiatives

1 Baking bread using domestic wheat

Mitsuuroko Provisions Co., Ltd.'s bakery business, “Azabujuban Mont-Thabor,” focuses on selling frozen bread that uses domestically produced wheat. (The ratio of bread made with domestic wheat varies from store to store.) Using domestically produced wheat as raw material shortens the transportation distance. It also uses raw materials milled with a stone mill and offers customers products baked at the stores. These products are made with meticulous attention to the environment, health, and superb taste (aroma), and are winning the demand from many customers as a new value.



2 Started selling the picture book “Miu-chan no Fushigi na Hako” in POD and e-book format

The picture book “Miu-chan no Fushigi na Hako,” a collaboration with author Michiyo Namura, will be published and sold through the print-on-demand (POD) distribution service of PUBFUN, Inc. from July 5, 2023, and through the e-book distribution service of MEDIA DO Co., Ltd. from September 8, 2023.

POD is a new publishing method in which each order is printed and bound at the store and delivered in paperback. The service is attracting attention as an environmentally friendly and sustainable business model.



This picture book is the original version of XX no Fushigi na Hako, a customizable picture book for toddlers with face inserts, which is currently available on the Mitsuuroko Avenue online shopping site.

Author	Written by Michiyo Namura, illustrated by Masako Yamamoto	
Specifications/ Price	Full color, 26 pages / ¥1,100 (tax included)	
Where to buy	POD	Amazon / Rakuten Books / Books Sanseido
	E-book	Amazon Kindle / Rakuten Kobo / honto / Books Kinokuniya and several other stores

3 Installation of solar panels on the roofs of the company's facilities

General Storage Company Pte. Ltd. (GSC), the Company's overseas subsidiary, has set forth “a green and caring tomorrow with self-storage” as its ESG vision. GSC's self-storage brand, Lock+Store, has signed an 18-year purchase agreement with Union Solar Pte Ltd, a solar power generation business operator, to realize this mission. The solar panels installed on the roof (completed in January 2023) of the Chai Chee facility, which is a self-storage operated by the Company, will have a maximum output of approximately 487.3 kWp, which is expected to reduce the use of fossil fuel-based energy by approximately 30% when used on-site at the facility.



4 Use of vacant space for vegetable gardens

Lock+Store has partnered with SG Gardens, a local horticultural company, to utilize vacant space at the Chai Chee facility for vegetable gardens. The harvest from the

vegetable garden will be donated to charities that support low-income families or sold to restaurants.



Edible hibiscus



Edible marigold

Prevention of environmental pollution

Basic approach

Mitsuuroko Group believes that one of its corporate responsibilities is to reduce the emission of pollutants in its business activities. As such, we are working to prevent and reduce the impact of environmental pollution by chemical substances and oil, reduce emissions of air pollutants, and reduce and properly dispose of toxic wastes and wastewater.

Initiatives for prevention of environmental pollution

Management of chemicals and contaminants

Since our operations have little relevance to emissions of air pollutants such as VOCs, NOx, and SOx, we do not perform measurements for these. Waste, including hazardous waste, is properly disposed of through specialized waste disposal companies in accordance with laws, regulations, and other rules. In FY2022, following on from FY2021, there were no penalties or fines related to environmental laws and regulations (Air Pollution Control Act, Water Pollution Prevention Act, Soil Contamination Countermeasures Act, Waste Management and Public Cleansing Act, etc.) due to outflows or excess emissions of environmental pollutants.

Response to soil contamination

In the event that pollution is detected at LPG filling stations and gasoline service stations, while we report such incidents to the relevant government agencies and actively disclosing information to the public, such as through explanations to residents within the vicinity or press releases, we work to control soil contamination. In accordance with the state of the pollution, we employ measures such as excavation, removal, and paving to prevent contamination from spreading or entering ground water.

Promotion of resource cycle

Basic approach

Mitsuuroko Group promotes the 3Rs (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle) throughout the Group. We are strengthening our commitment to resource recycling in our various business activities.

3R promotion initiatives

1 “Eco Nico Time” to reduce food waste

Azabujuban Mont-Thabor believes that, “as lovers of bread and the earth, we cannot waste the bread we have made with our own hands so easily.” This is why any bread that was previously discarded daily due to being non-standard (minor aesthetic imperfections or browning) despite having no quality issue, or any bread that did not sell, is sold at a reasonable price through a limited-time service named “Eco Nico Time.” This initiative will help reduce food waste and environmental impact, as well as provide an opportunity to try Azabujuban Mont-Thabor’s bread at a discount.



2 Vending machine for frozen non-standard breads

In April 2022, Mont-Thabor Kugenuma Kaigan Store (Fujisawa-shi, Kanagawa) introduced its first frozen bread vending machine, with the aim of providing the delightful experience of enjoying homemade bread, readily available as a convenient and eco-friendly snack. Frozen bread and frozen dough made of 100% domestically produced wheat are readily available for purchase 24 hours a day. We will also contribute to the reduction of food waste and environmental impact by offering non-standard bread.



3 “Sustainable Real Estate Management” initiatives to reduce furniture waste

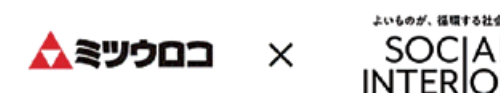
MITSUUROKO Co., Ltd. is working with Social Interior Inc., a furniture subscription service and off-price market

provider, on sustainable real estate management that reduces furniture waste.

Initiatives

1 Procurement of furniture for designing space in real estate business through subscription

By not owning the furniture needed for income-producing properties, and by utilizing the subscription service offered by Social Interior Inc. to promote the collection and secondary use of furniture when it is no longer wanted in the future, we aim to make effective use of resources.



2 Reducing the hassle of owning furniture needed by property users, collecting unwanted furniture, and reusing it

We will progressively make the Subslife furniture subscription service of Social Interior Inc. available to tenants and users of rental apartments, office buildings, and commercial facilities operated by MITSUUROKO Co., Ltd. at discounted prices. This reduces the users' initial setup fees, the hassle of ownership, and the hassle of arranging for disposal when no longer wanted. At the end of the period, Social Interior Inc. will collect the furniture and promote its secondary use in its off-price market, Subslife Off Price.



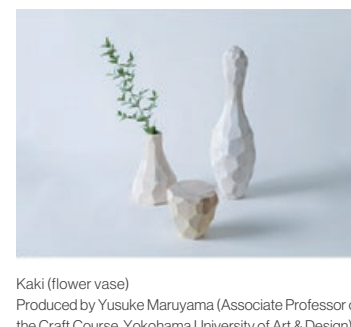
Promotion of resource cycle

4 Bowling pin reuse art exhibition and reuse education in elementary schools

In May 2022, as part of the Rain-Bowling Project^{*1}, a sustainable activity using discarded bowling pins, Mitsuuroko Sports Co., Ltd. held the Bowling Pin Reuse Contest^{*2} in cooperation with the Kanagawa Shimbun. The grand prize winner, Yamoto Elementary School in Yokohama-shi, held a Rain-Bowling class (an original bowling game that allows students to learn how to reuse discarded pins while having fun playing) as part of their 4th grade class on SDGs. (Held in November 2022) In addition, from December 2022 to January 2023, the first exhibition utilizing discarded bowling pins as craft art was held at SPA EAS and Hamabowl. Students and

faculty of the craft course at Yokohama University of Art & Design, who regularly work with wood and metal in their assignments, gave form to the use of bowling pins in the production. We will continue to explore and pursue various forms of ESG together with local residents.

^{*1} A project to provide children in Yokohama-shi with opportunities to experience the SDGs through play using discarded bowling pins
^{*2} A project to invite application for reuse ideas on new ways to reuse bowling pins, of which approximately 500 are discarded by Hamabowl each year. A contest aiming for the realization of a sustainable society



Kaki (flower vase)
Produced by Yusuke Maruyama (Associate Professor of the Craft Course, Yokohama University of Art & Design)



5 EAS café promoting elimination of plastic and local production for local consumption toward becoming a sustainable cafe

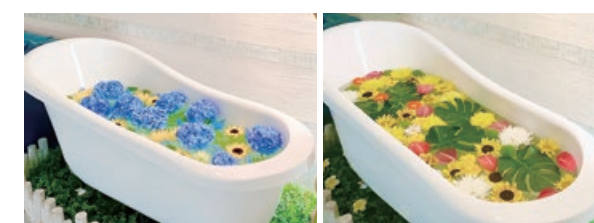
The EAS café, directly managed by SPA EAS, promotes the elimination of plastic. In FY2022, we eliminated all conventional plastic cups and replaced them with paper cups and paper straws*. In addition, in purchasing ingredients, vegetables are procured from local stores in Yokohama-shi, and only the necessary amount is harvested through hydroponic cultivation using the plant cellar within the EAS café, thereby reducing food mileage and food waste. We will continue to operate our facilities with an awareness of our contribution to the environment and the local community.

* In order to maintain service quality and ease of drinking, we have introduced stainless steel tumblers instead of paper cups for some alcoholic beverages in response to customer feedback.



6 Flower installation: Smile Flower Bath installation

SPA EAS: Yokohama Tennen Onsen supports the Smile Flower Project, an initiative to save flowers that would otherwise be discarded as non-standard products or wasted due to the shrinking market caused by the pandemic. At the entrance, flower baths (hanachozu) are created and displayed according to the season, welcoming guests in a festive manner. In addition, events aimed at raising awareness of the project included a popularity contest for flower art and a stamp collecting game, creating a cycle that links the smiles of employees, flower farmers, and customers through the flower decoration initiative. We will continue to strive to recycle resources and enhance the value of facilities with ideas that capture current trends.



Water security

Basic approach

We consider water security to be an important management issue and are taking actions such as water stress/risk studies, and water hazards and water management.

At the same time, in accordance with our environmental policy, we work to conserve and make effective use of water resources through efficient use of water, reduction of water consumption through recycling, and appropriate treatment of water.

Initiatives for water security

Implementation of water stress/risk studies

Using the WRI Aqueduct, an international indicator, we comprehensively analyzed and evaluated current and future risks (water demand, water source security, water damage, etc.). As a result, we confirmed that there is no significant water stress or risk in the Group's main facilities as of now.

Situation of water resources utilization

In FY2022, Group-wide use of domestic freshwater resources (water supply and wells) totaled 3,650

Water consumption, water discharge, and water quality control

In order to use water resources sustainably, we monitor water consumption and strive to save water, and also implement appropriate wastewater management. In FY2022, following on from FY2021, there were no violations of standards and regulations pertaining to water discharge.

thousand m³, and the amount discharged to underground and rivers (excluding sewage) was 803 thousand m³.

Response to water hazards

While LPG is a form of distributed energy that is easy to install and restore even during natural disasters such as torrential downpours and storm surges, it is possible for filling stations to be damaged and for its transportation to be delayed or slowed. In preparation for emergencies, we have implemented disaster prevention measures at facilities such as filling stations and have also formulated a business continuity plan (BCP). The LPG supply network is rationally designed to ensure a steady supply of LPG to every corner of the country in times of peace and even in times of disaster. In addition, Mitsuuroko

Administration Center (Saitama-shi, Saitama), a shared services division that consolidates the operations of the Group companies, has two offices; one in Nagano and the other in Saitama. We take this approach in order to avoid the risk of interruption in our operations when struck by disaster, etc. due to centralization, and to ensure the continuation of operations in the event of an emergency. We have established a system that allows us to shift to pre-determined operations in an emergency by activating the BCP program if it becomes impossible to carry out operations in Saitama-shi.

Initiatives to reduce water usage

Preserving water resources through the use of business cards made primarily from limestone

From the viewpoint of conserving forests and water resources, the Group has adopted the use of business cards made with "LIMEX," a material derived primarily from limestone. Limestone exists in abundance throughout the world and is a mineral resource which Japan is completely self-sufficient in and can obtain at a low cost. By adopting limestone as the main material for

our business cards, we are contributing to the preservation of forests and water resources, which are essential for the production of paper. This initiative saves 10 liters of water per card box of business cards (100 cards). When converted to the number of business cards used by the Group, this equates to 22,000–24,000 liters of water preserved in a year.

Water-saving initiatives

In the wellness business, we are working to reduce bathing water used at "Yokohama Tennen Onsen SPA EAS" through the use of a recovery tank (water supply and natural spring water) timer control and water-saving devices installed in all shower heads. We are also reducing other water used at the facility through

measures such as the introduction of water-saving toilets, and employees are also making efforts to save water. We are also promoting the introduction of water-saving showers and toilets in rental apartments owned by our real estate business.

Biodiversity conservation

Basic approach

Mitsuuroko Group recognizes the importance of nature's bounty, and in order to continue to enjoy it in the future, the Group has adopted "biodiversity conservation" as one of its environmental policies. Based on this, we strive to understand and improve the impact of our business activities on biodiversity, promote sustainable use, and engage in biodiversity conservation in cooperation with local communities.

Initiatives in business activities

Activities to protect and nurture the forests around water collection sites

To contribute to the local community by beautifying the environment, Mitsuuroko Group employees, their families, and other relevant parties participate in cleanup activities in Mitsuuroko's Forest Narusawa, a mountain forest near the Narusawa Plant in Yamanashi Prefecture, and along Mitsuuroko's Path, a walking path near the Gifu Yoro Plant in Gifu Prefecture, where mineral water is produced by Mitsuuroko Beverage Co., Ltd.

In 2023, we also launched a project to plant hydrangea seedlings in the famous hydrangea corridor on Mitsuuroko's Path. We will further contribute to regional development by working with local governments on projects to promote tourism in the region.



Endorsed the Keidanren Declaration for Biodiversity and Guideline

We endorsed the Keidanren Declaration for Biodiversity and Guideline in March 2024. Our efforts are in line with this declaration and guideline, and we will continue to promote initiatives that contribute to the conservation of biodiversity.

